

Professor Dirac's Cookbook

or

How to Construct a Dirac Operator in Infinite Dimensions

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In Today's Program

Recipe of the Day

Cooking up a Dirac operator

Ingredients Under the Microscope

Orthogonal structures

Grow Your Own

co-Riemannian structure

Recipe of the Day

The Basic Recipe

Ingredients

Method

Remarks

The Basic Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M

Method

Remarks

oriented, spin, even
dimensional, ...

The Basic Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g

Remarks

$$g_p : T_p M \times T_p M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$g_p : T_p M \xrightarrow{\cong} T_p^* M$$

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- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.

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$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} \mathbb{Z}_2 & \rightarrow & \text{Spin}_n & \rightarrow & \text{SO}_n & & \\ \mathbb{Z}_2 & \rightarrow & Q & \rightarrow & P & & \end{array}$$

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 $c : \mathbb{R}^n \times S^+ \rightarrow S^-$ (bilinear)

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becomes

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(fibrewise bilinear)

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$$\begin{aligned} \not{D} : \Gamma(S_M^+) &\xrightarrow{\nabla} \Gamma(\mathcal{L}(TM, S_M^+)) \\ &\xrightarrow{\cong} \Gamma(T^*M \otimes S_M^+) \\ &\xrightarrow{g^{-1}} \Gamma(TM \otimes S_M^+) \\ &\xrightarrow{c} \Gamma(S_M^-) \end{aligned}$$

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First Variation

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infinite dimensional,
polarised, oriented, spin ...

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Remarks

Clifford Multiplication
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$$c : TX \times S_X^+ \rightarrow S_X^-$$

(fibrewise bilinear)

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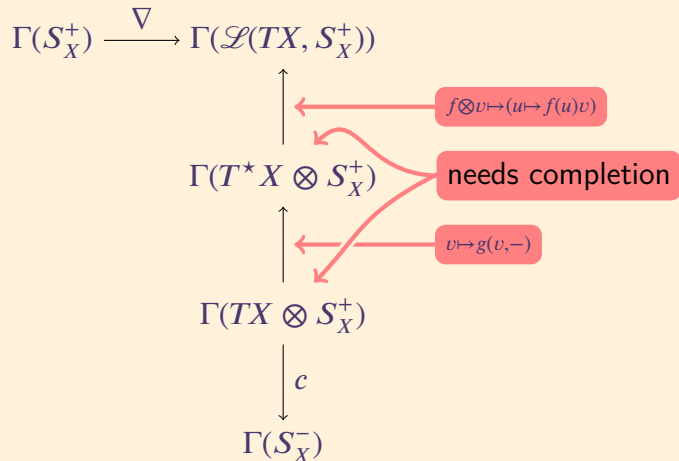
Result

Total collapse of Dirac soufflé.

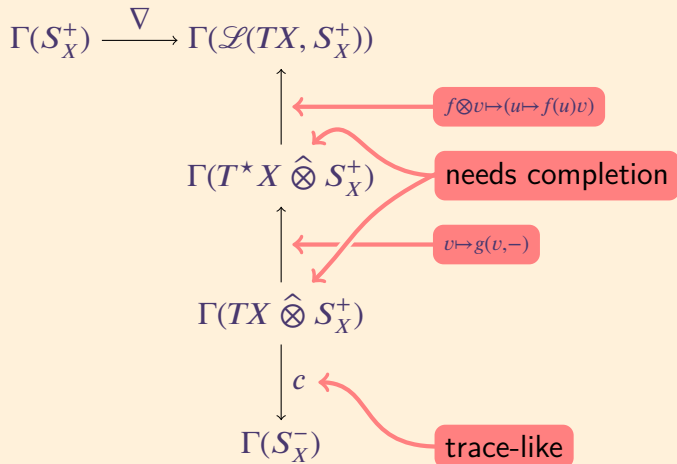
The Collapse

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Gamma(\mathcal{S}_X^+) & \xrightarrow{\nabla} & \Gamma(\mathcal{L}(TX, \mathcal{S}_X^+)) \\ & & \uparrow \leftarrow f \otimes v \mapsto (u \mapsto f(u)v) \\ & & \Gamma(T^*X \otimes \mathcal{S}_X^+) \\ & & \uparrow \leftarrow v \mapsto g(v, -) \\ & & \Gamma(TX \otimes \mathcal{S}_X^+) \\ & & \downarrow c \\ & & \Gamma(\mathcal{S}_X^-) \end{array}$$

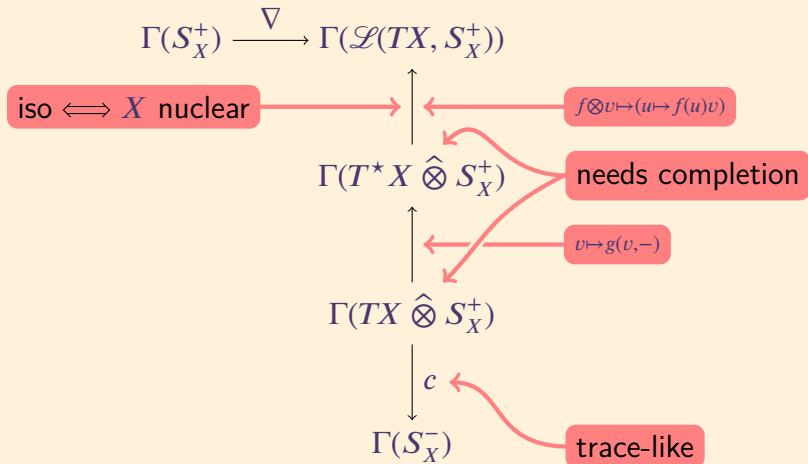
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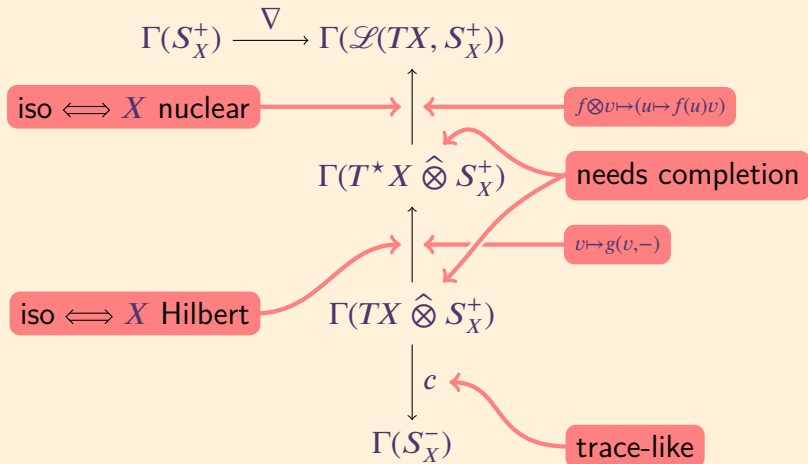
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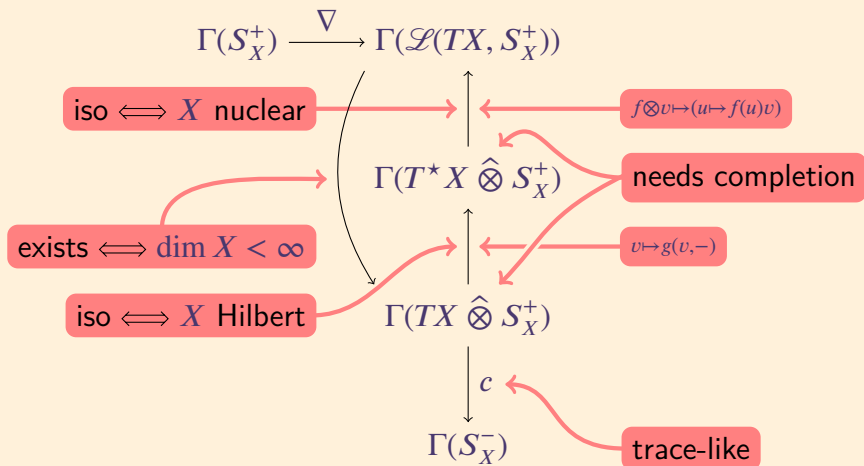
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The Improved Basic Recipe

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Remarks

Build from \mathbb{R}^{n^*}

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$$c : \mathbb{R}^{n^*} \times S^+ \rightarrow S^- \text{ (bilinear)}$$

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Isomorphism
 $g : TM \cong T^*M$
gives equivalence

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Second Variation

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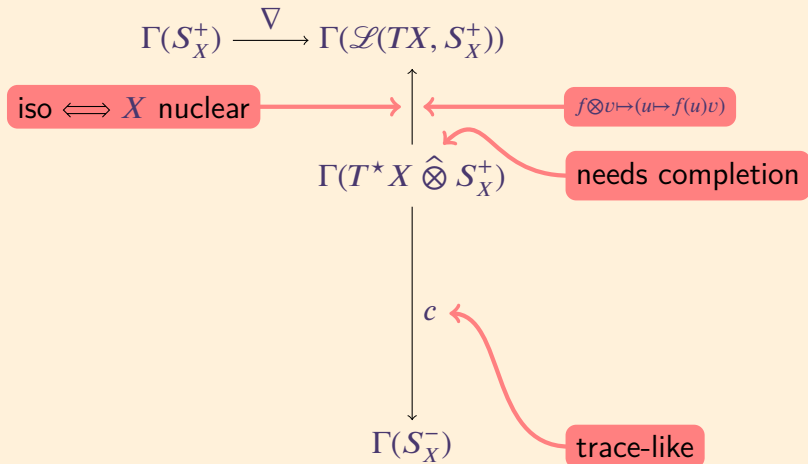
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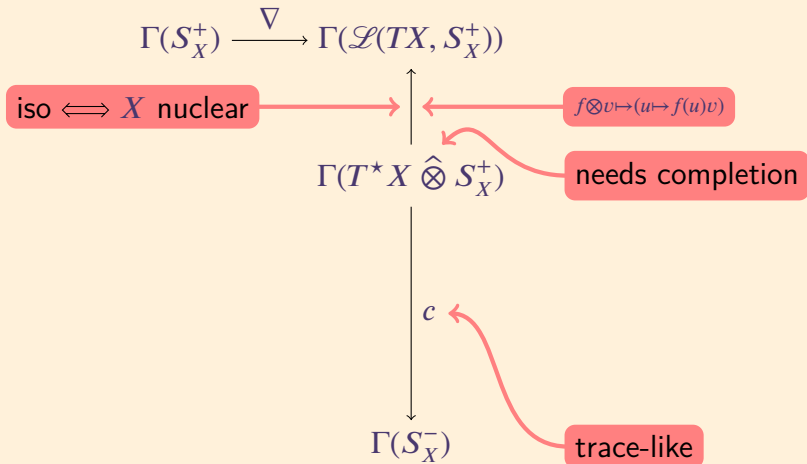
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Collapse?



Collapse? Not if we're nuclear



Ingredients Under the Microscope

A Close Examination of the Ingredients

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$$\text{Cl}(W) := T(w)/w \otimes w - g(w, w)1$$

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Ratatouille

Gusteau:

"Anyone can cook"

or

Anton Ego:

"No, I don't think anyone can"

Weak or Strong?

Then the guard looks in politely and will ask you very brightly
“Do you like your morning tea weak or strong?”

But Skimble's just behind him and was ready to remind him,
For Skimble won't let anything go wrong.

T. S. Eliot

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Tea Through the Ages

1911: Weak or Strong

Weak or Strong?

Then the guard looks in politely and will ask you very brightly
“Do you like your morning tea weak or strong?”

But Skimble's just behind him and was ready to remind him,
For Skimble won't let anything go wrong.

T. S. Eliot

Tea Through the Ages

1911: Weak or Strong

2011: Black, green, chamomile, strawberry, jasmine, Earl Grey, chai,
... (but **not** Lipton)

Classifying Orthogonal Structures

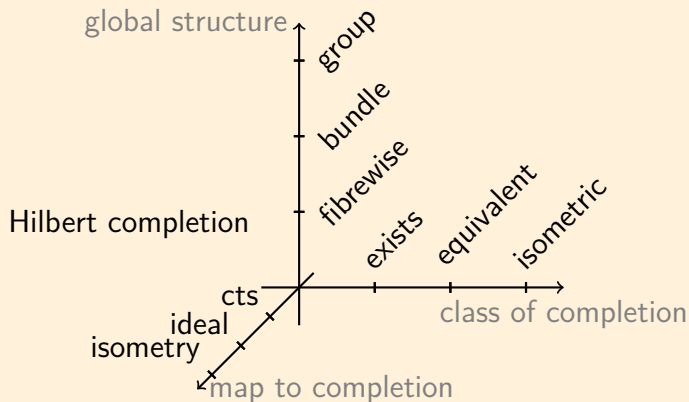
Weak	$g_p : E_p \times E_p \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$	inner product space
Strong	$g_p : E_p \xrightarrow{\cong} E_p^*$	Hilbert space

Classifying Orthogonal Structures

Weak	$g_p : E_p \rightarrow \overline{E}_p \rightarrow E_p^*$	fibrewise Hilbert completion
Strong	$g_p : E_p \xrightarrow{\cong} E_p^*$	Hilbert space

Classifying Orthogonal Structures

Weak	$g_p : E_p \rightarrow \overline{E}_p \rightarrow E_p^*$	fibrewise Hilbert completion
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Grow Your Own

Loop Spaces: Common-or-Garden or Organic?

Question

- 1 Do loop spaces have orthogonal structures on their **cotangent** bundles?
- 2 If so, how good?

Loop Spaces: Common-or-Garden or Organic?

Question

- 1 Do loop spaces have orthogonal structures on their **cotangent** bundles?
- 2 If so, how good?

Answer

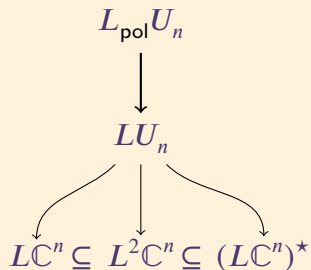
- 1 Yes
- 2 Good, but not **quite** as good as on the tangent bundle.

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure

$$\begin{array}{c} LU_n \\ \swarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \searrow \\ LC^n \subseteq L^2C^n \subseteq (LC^n)^* \end{array}$$

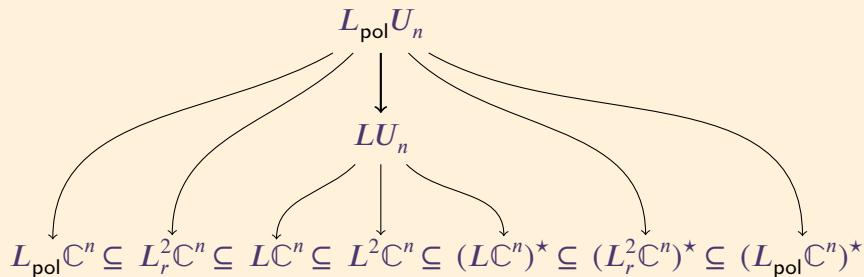
In algebraic topological soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



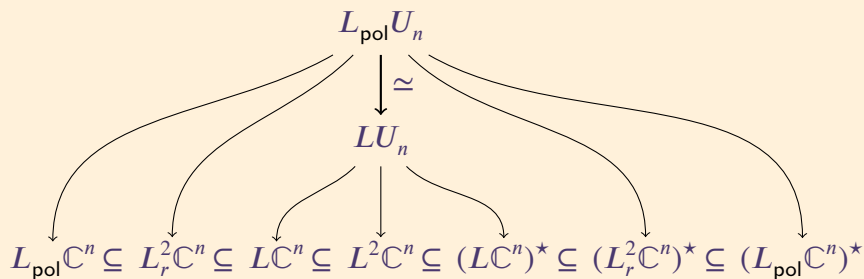
In algebraic topological soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



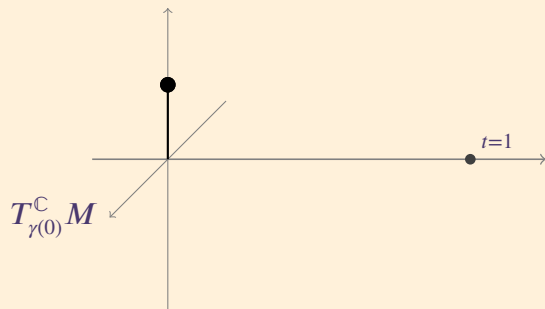
In algebraic topological soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



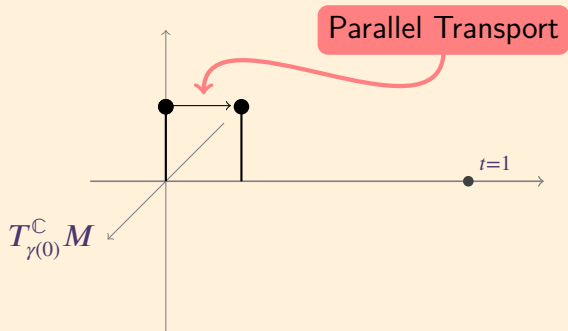
In algebraic topological soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



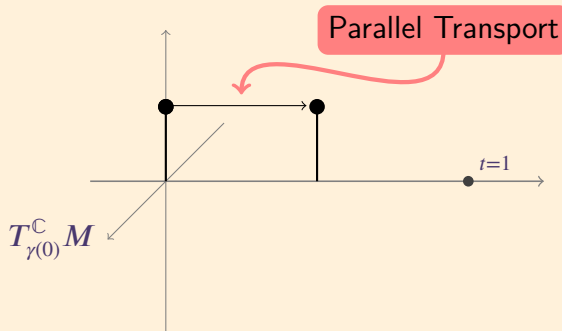
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



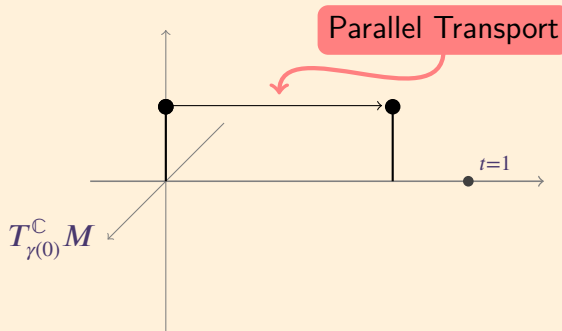
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



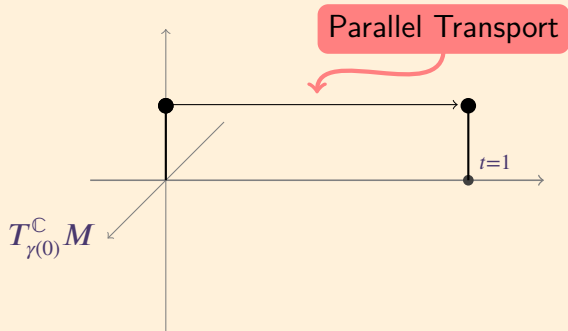
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



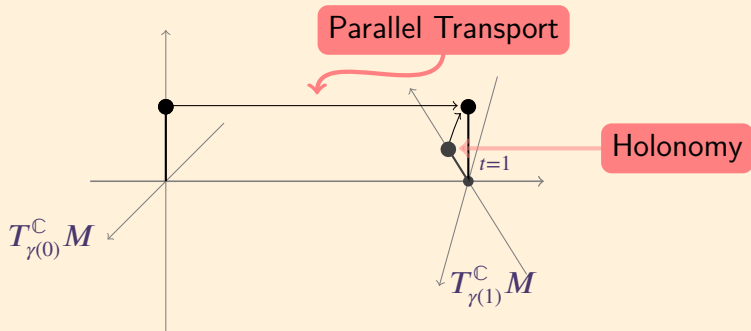
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



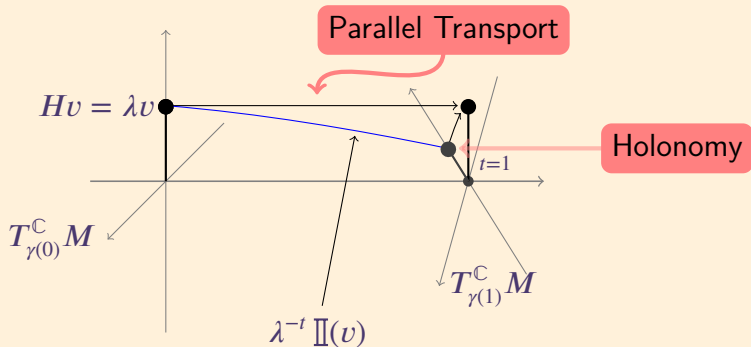
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



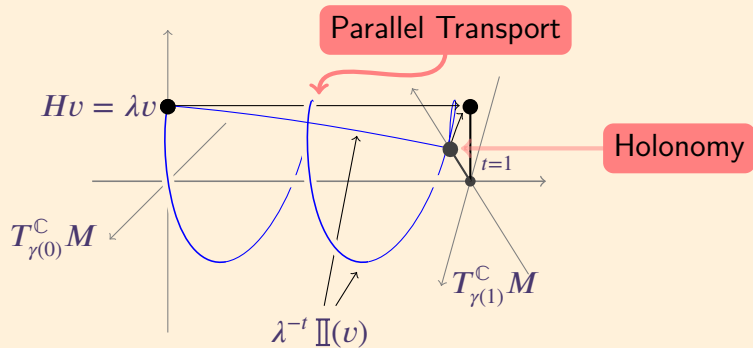
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



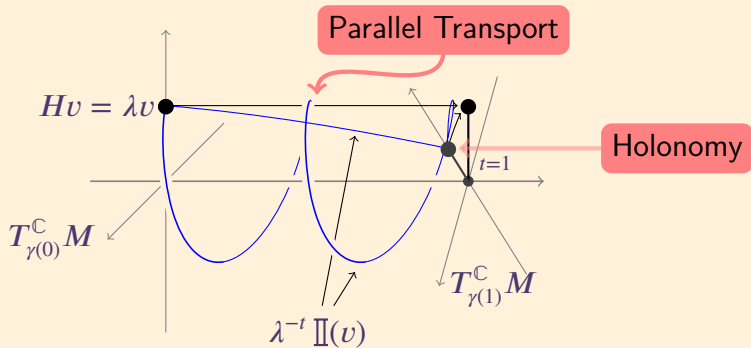
In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



In differential soil

Grow Your Own Orthogonal Structure



Any two choices differ by a polynomial

In differential soil

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

Method

Remarks

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g

Remarks

oriented, spin, **string**, even
dimensional, ...
Riemannian structure **on** M

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g

Remarks

$$g_p : T_p M \times T_p M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$g_p : T_p M \xrightarrow{\cong} T_p^* M$$

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g

Remarks

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g

Remarks

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
- 4 Add to L^*TM to get $(L_r^2TM)^*$.

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g
- 3 Spin structure, Q

Remarks

$$\begin{array}{l} S^1 \rightarrow \widetilde{L\mathrm{SO}}_n \rightarrow L\mathrm{SO}_n \\ S^1 \rightarrow Q \rightarrow P \end{array}$$

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\mathrm{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
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- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
- 4 Add to L^*TM to get $(L_r^2TM)^*$.
- 5 Place Q over the mixture and allow $L\omega$ to infuse upwards.

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g
- 3 Spin structure, Q
- 4 Spin representations, S^\pm

Remarks

Has Clifford Multiplication

$$c : L^*\mathbb{R}^n \times S^+ \rightarrow S^-$$

(bilinear)

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
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The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g
- 3 Spin structure, Q
- 4 Spin representations, S^\pm

Remarks

Clifford Multiplication
becomes

$$c : T^*LM \times S_{LM}^+ \rightarrow S_{LM}^-$$

(fibrewise bilinear)

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
- 4 Add to L^*TM to get $(L_r^2TM)^*$.
- 5 Place Q over the mixture and allow $L\omega$ to infuse upwards.
- 6 Combine S^\pm with Q to produce bundles S_{LM}^\pm .

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g
- 3 Spin structure, Q
- 4 Spin representations, S^\pm

Remarks

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
- 4 Add to L^*TM to get $(L_r^2TM)^\star$.
- 5 Place Q over the mixture and allow $L\omega$ to infuse upwards.
- 6 Combine S^\pm with Q to produce bundles S_{LM}^\pm .
- 7 Apply $L\omega$ to S_{LM}^+ to produce a covariant differential operator ∇ .

The Best Recipe

Ingredients

- 1 Smooth manifold, M
- 2 Riemannian structure, g
- 3 Spin structure, Q
- 4 Spin representations, S^\pm

Remarks

$$\begin{aligned} \not{D} : \Gamma(S_{LM}^+) &\xrightarrow{\nabla} \Gamma(\mathcal{L}(TLM, S_{LM}^+)) \\ &\xleftarrow{\cong} \Gamma(T^*LM \hat{\otimes} S_{LM}^+) \\ &\xrightarrow{c} \Gamma(S_{LM}^-) \end{aligned}$$

Method

- 1 Add g to M and leave until a connection ω appears.
- 2 Apply ω to TM to produce parallel transport \mathbb{I} .
- 3 Use \mathbb{I} to extract $L_{\text{pol}}TM$ from LTM .
- 4 Add to L^*TM to get $(L_r^2TM)^*$.
- 5 Place Q over the mixture and allow $L\omega$ to infuse upwards.
- 6 Combine S^\pm with Q to produce bundles S_{LM}^\pm .
- 7 Apply $L\omega$ to S_{LM}^+ to produce a covariant differential operator ∇ .
- 8 Combine ∇ and c to produce the Dirac operator \not{D} .

Result

A perfect Dirac soufflé.

